

	Throughout the Early Years Learning Journey. Health and Wellbeing — How can I stay safe? Relationships — Are all relationships the same? Living in the Wider World — Can we agree to disagree?						
_	Autumn	Spring	Summer				
Nursery	 ✓ Form a secure bond with an adult ✓ Play in parallel with increasing confidence on their own and with other children ✓ Express a range of emotions. ✓ Enjoy accessing a range of rooms around school, including the dinner hall. ✓ Select from a small range of resources on offer within a single activity. ✓ Be increasingly able to talk about and manage their emotions ✓ Describe and ask questions about differences, such as skin colour, types of hair, gender, special needs and disabilities, and so on. ✓ Become more outgoing with other adults in the Nursery room. ✓ Begin to make friendships by playing in the same area. ✓ Locate and bring additional resources to activities to achieve a particular goal. ✓ Recognise healthy and unhealthy food and drinks. ✓ Knows that we have to be careful with animals, e.g. stroke animals gently and do not approach without permission and an adult. 	 ✓ Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. ✓ Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting. ✓ Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. ✓ Start to eat independently and learning how to use a knife and fork. ✓ Follow rules with simple verbal prompts or visual reminders. ✓ Take turns with verbal prompts from adults to pass over equipment. ✓ Talk about the importance of exercise ✓ Recognise the people in our community who can help us when we have a problem ✓ Increasingly begin to follow simple rules, understanding why they are important. ✓ Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. ✓ Begin to develop ways to calm themselves and use these with adult support. ✓ Begin to be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. ✓ Make healthy food choices. ✓ Spontaneously take turns. ✓ Join in with simple discussions with an adult about how to make things fair. ✓ Choose the tools and materials they need to achieve a goal. 	 ✓ To be able to play in a group with friends, elaborating on ideas. ✓ To begin to manage feelings and talk about emotions ✓ To understand how others might be feeling ✓ Know who to talk to if they are unsure of something (Internet) ✓ Use a small range of adjectives to describe the emotions of story characters and friends. ✓ Independently able to meet their own care needs, such as brushing my teeth, using the toilet, and wiping my bottom washing and drying my own hands ✓ Follow rules without reminders. ✓ Listen and talk to special visitors to the setting. ✓ Contribute to decisions about room layout and resources. ✓ Accept simple resolutions suggested by adults and move on with play. ✓ Carry out simple tasks requested to help someone else ✓ To be responsible and be confident to be part of my community ✓ To learn appropriate ways on how to be assertive ✓ To be able to follow rules and know why they are important, articulating this to other children ✓ Help new children by directing them towards activities and resources and solving simple practical tasks for them. ✓ To begin to find solutions to quarrels and rivalries ✓ Use a wider range of adjectives to describe feelings of friends and characters in books and films. ✓ Take a role in domestic play and speak from another point of view. 				



Reception	 ✓ Distinguish between healthy food choices and special treats. ✓ Talk about and define what makes me special. ✓ Build a vocabulary around feelings and emotions ✓ Articulate and demonstrate handwashing and appropriate behaviour in the bathroom. ✓ Perform action songs and rhymes confidently in our Autumn Assembly. ✓ Follow wider school regimes like assembly and whole school singing. ✓ Articulate and demonstrate teeth cleaning. ✓ Articulate and demonstrate handwashing and food preparation. ✓ Identify healthy ingredients in healthy snacks. 	 ✓ Articulate the rationale for school rules, routines and expectations. ✓ Work in a small group on tasks like turn taking games. ✓ Articulate simple problem-solving approaches ✓ Articulating how to stay safe while walking to and from school. ✓ Talk about who can keep me safe in school, home and the wider community. ✓ Know to tell an adult when they find something they are unsure of on the internet. ✓ Show awareness that actions and words can hurt others feelings. ✓ Work in a small group on tasks like turn taking games ✓ Articulate how to solve any simple problems with some adult prompts. ✓ Chose specific ingredients to support healthy eating. ✓ Knowing what makes a good friend. ✓ Being helpful in the classroom. ✓ Being kind to living plants and creatures. 	 ✓ Engage in more complex and extended turn taking games, solving simple problems. ✓ Read facial expressions and body language, extending the vocabulary of emotions. ✓ Articulate reason for success or failure in a challenge. ✓ Bouncing back when things go wrong, showing resilience. ✓ Build and articulate strategies to make new friends. ✓ Explain the importance of exercise. ✓ Engage in games where different participants have different roles. ✓ Build strategies to challenge undesirable behaviour towards them. ✓ Explaining the importance of sleep. ✓ Knowing how to stay healthy. ✓ Understand and articulate the next transition in school — moving into Year I. 			
Year Lesson Content	✓ what constitutes a healthy lifestyle - physical activity/rest/eating/dental health ✓ about good and not so ✓ keeping physically and emotionally safe online/road/cycle/rail etc ✓ people who look after them - who to go to if	 ✓ the difference between secrets and nice surprises/not keeping secrets that make you feel scared/uncomfortable ✓ recognise what is fair/unfair/right/wrong ✓ identify and respect similarities and ✓ to recognise different types of teasing and bullying and know why they are wrong how to deal with bullyingwho to go to and how to get help ✓ marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of 	 ✓ how they can contribute to the life of the classroom ✓ rules and how these rules help them ✓ people/beings have rights and we have responsibilities to protect those rights ✓ what improves and harms the local environment and what helps improve it ✓ money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes ✓ why we are all unique 			



	 ✓ change and loss associated with moving home/lost toys, pets/friends ✓ process of growing from young to old and how needs change ✓ the importance of personal hygiene ✓ their responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe ✓ who to tell/what to say/not keeping secrets ✓ rules and principles for keeping safe online 	differences between people and recognise that although others' families may look different from their own, they should respect those differences as all share the same love to identify their special people and why they are special to judge what physical contact is acceptable and how to respond	two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong the characteristics of friendship and how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure. healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded. the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (physically, in character, personality, backgrounds), or make/have different choices/preferences/beliefs.	✓ belonging to different groups and communities- family/school	 ✓ what we have in common with everyone else ✓ special people in the community who help/protect them
Ongoing Incidental Teaching	Drug and Alcohol lesson: To learn about things that go into bodies of make people feel. ✓ to communicate feelings to others and recognise how they respond to recognise that their behaviour can affect others share opinically listen to others and work cooperatively that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt	ond ions with others	Drug and Alcohol lesson: To learn a	bout medicines, and the people wh	no help them to stay healthy.
Year 2 Lesson Content	 ✓ to recognise when people are being unkind to them or others and take turns/share ✓ recognise what they like/dislike and make informed choices to improve physical and emotional health ✓ to think about themselves, learn from experiences, celebrate strengths and set challenging goals ✓ to recognise when people are being unkind to them or others and rules and principles for keeping safe online ✓ household products and medicines can be harmful ✓ keeping physically and emotionally safe online/road/cycle/rail etc 	d how to respond ✓ the difference between secrets and nice surprises/not keeping secrets that make you feel scared/uncomfortable ✓ recognise what is fair/unfair/right/wrong identify and respect similarities and differences between people	 ✓ to recognise when people are being unkind to them or others and how to respond ✓ to recognise different types of teasing and bullying and know why they are wrong ✓ how to deal with bullying-who to go to and how to get help 	 ✓ how they can contribute to the life of the classroom ✓ rules and how these rules help them ✓ people/beings have rights and we have responsibilities to protect those rights 	 ✓ what improves and harms the local environment and what helps improve it ✓ the role money plays in our lives-how to keep it safe, spending/saving/choices and influences



	the importance of personal hygiene them—who to go to if they are special and can be controlled/how they have a responsibility to their own health and simple skills to help diseases spread growing and changing and the responsibilities independence can bring the importance of them—who to go to if they are worried how diseases spread and can be controlled/how they have a responsibility to their own health and differences between boys and girls to their importance of them them—who to go to if they are special and how special people and why they are special and how special people care for one another to judge what physical contact is acceptable and how to respond to judge what physical contact is acceptable and how to respond to judge what physical contact is acceptable and how to respond the names of main body parts/similarities and differences between boys and girls to identify their special people and why they are special and how special people choose and make friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends to identify their special people and why they are special and how special people care for one another to judge what physical contact is acceptable and how to respond the important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends them—who to go to if they are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends to judge what physical contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and contact is acceptable and how to respond the importance of response and make friends the importance in making us feel happy and	nmunities- and that there will						
Ongoing Incidental Teaching	Drug and Alcohol lesson: To learn about the rules for keeping safe around medicines and other household products. **To communicate feelings to others and recognise how they respond** **To recognise that their behaviour can affect others** **Share their opinions and explain their views* **I listen to others and work cooperatively** **Offers support and feedback to others* **That people's bodies and feelings can be hurt* **Healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.** **Protecting other's bodies and feelings**							
Year 3 Lesson Content	what positively and negatively affects their physical/ mental/ emotional health how to make informed choices can have positive, neutral/ negative consequences begin to understand the concept of a 'balanced lifestyle to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others to recognise different types of relationship, including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy and others are enforced the commitment made between two people who love and develop the skills to what positively and appropriately to a wider appropriate people who appropriately to a wider appropriate people who appropriate people who appropriate people who appropriate people who appropriately to a wider appropr	issues, events that is to them ir school, in the community and towards the environment ext them e made and rules are ferent different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities						



	make their own choices about food, understanding what might influence their choices and the	✓ Rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and	and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that commitment	✓ most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the	take part in making and changing rules ✓ to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive	✓ to recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to
	benefits of eating a balanced diet to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range/intensity of their feelings to others about change, including transitions (between key stages/ schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement where and how to get help, strategies for keeping physically/ emotionally safe including road safety/ safety in the environment (rail, water	contact and how to report them. ✓ that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. ✓ how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. ✓ how to report concerns or abuse and where to get advice.	that their actions affect themselves and others to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond to work collaboratively towards shared goals	friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right ✓ the meaning of self-respect and how this links to our own happiness ✓ showing respect to others and expecting to be treated with respect by others, including those in positions of authority.	and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities ✓ to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk	health and wellbeing to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom
	and fire safety)					
	Drug and Alcohol lesson : To learn	r about the safe use of medicines	and household products.		1	
Year 4	✓ what positively and	✓ to recognise when they	✓ to recognise what	✓ that two people who love	✓ to research, discuss and	✓ that they have
Lesson	negatively affects their	need help and to develop	constitutes a positive,	and care for one another	debate topical issues,	different kinds of
Content	physical, mental and	the skills to ask for help	healthy relationship and	can be in a committed	problems and events that	responsibilities, rights
	emotional health	✓ to use basic techniques	develop the skills to form	relationship and not be	are of concern to them	and duties at home, at
	✓ to reflect on and celebrate	for resisting pressure to	and maintain positive and	married or in a civil	and offer their	school, in the
	their achievements,	do something dangerous,	healthy relationships	partnership	recommendations to	community and
	identify their strengths	unhealthy, that makes	✓ to judge what kind of	✓ that stable, caring	appropriate people	towards the
	and areas for improvement, set high	them uncomfortable or anxious or that they	physical contact is acceptable	relationships, which may be of different types, are at	✓ why and how rules and laws that protect them	environment ✓ to resolve differences
	aspirations and goals	think is wrong	and how to respond	of aifferent types, are at the heart of happy	and others are made and	by looking at
	✓ to recognise that they may	✓ what is meant by the	✓ the concept of 'keeping	families, and are	en forced	alternatives, seeing and
	experience conflicting	term 'habit' and why	something confidential or	important for children's	✓ why different rules are	respecting others' points
	emotions and when they		secret', when they should	security as they grow up	needed in different	of view, making



strategies for keeping

importance of protecting

distribution of images of

themselves and others

personal information,

including passwords,

addresses and the

safe online; the

bereavement

to manage them

responsibly (including

to recognise, predict and

assess risks in different

situations and decide how

sensible road use and risks

in their local environment)

Backworth Park Primary School Long Term Plan PSHE & RHE

	✓ ✓	might need to listen to, or overcome these about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement to differentiate between the terms, 'risk', 'danger' and 'hazard' that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread	\[\lambda \]	habit can be hard to change rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact and how to report them that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult	✓	or should not agree to this and when it is right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret' to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise their own concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and to try to see, respect and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view how to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social	✓ ✓ ✓	most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, we should show respect for others online including when we are anonymous the meaning of self-respect and how this links to our own happiness showing respect to others and expecting to be treated with respect by others,	✓ ✓	situations and how to take part in making and changing rules to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk	✓ ✓	decisions and explaining choices to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom to consider the lives of people living in other places and people with different values and customs
						media)		including those in positions of authority				
	Dru	g and Alcohol lesson : To lear	n tha	t caffeine, cigarettes, e-cigare	ttes/\	aping and alcohol can affect	people	s's health.				
Year 5 Lesson Content	✓	what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss,	√	key facts of puberty, how their body will, and their emotions may, change as they approach and move through puberty. including menstrual wellbeing and the	√	to develop strategies to resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and appropriate compromise and to give rich and constructive feedback and	✓	that two people who love and care for one another can be in a committed relationship and not be married or in a civil partnership the characteristics of a	√	to research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people	√	that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the
		separation, divorce and		menstrual cycle		support to benefit others		good friend.	✓	to understand that there		environment

as well as themselves

✓ to recognise and challenge

how to recognise bullying

and abuse in all its forms

(including prejudice-based

'dares'

stereotypes

to recognise and manage

are basic human rights

shared by all peoples and

children have their own

special rights set out in

Declaration of the Rights

the United Nations

of the Child

all societies and that

how to recognise who to

how to judge when a

feel unhappy or

trust and who not to trust,

friendship is making them

uncomfortable, managing

conflict, how to manage

these situations and how to

that resources can be

allocated in different

ways and that these

communities and the

sustainability of the

economic choices affect individuals,



	and to use this as an opportunity to build resilience ✓ to recognise how their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe ✓ how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media ✓ strategies for keeping physically and emotionally safe including road safety and safety in the environment (including rail, water and fire safety) whow information and data is shared and used online. ✓ how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. ✓ how to make a clear ar efficient call to emergency services if needed and the concepts of basic first aid ✓ to recognise ways in which a relationship can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support ✓ to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how t respond	media) ✓ to understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends, classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy ✓ how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed	seek help or advice from others, if needed how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, we should show respect for others online including when we are anonymous.	that these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk
V 6	Drug and Alcohol lesson: To learn how the correct use of medic helps maintain health and wellbeing.		,	t some of the risks and effects of legal and illegal drug use.
Year 6 Lesson Content	 ✓ what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health ✓ to recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves ✓ about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss, ✓ the responsible use of mobile phones: safe keeping (looking after it and safe user habits (time limits, use of passcode, turning it off at night etc.) ✓ how to manage requests for images of themselved or others; what is and interprepriate to ask for share; who to talk to if they feel 	and how to respond about the difference between, and the terms associated with, sex, gender identity and sexual orientation how to recognise bullying	the characteristics of a good friend. how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed	debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people to understand that there are basic human right shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in debate topical issues, plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer to develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)



- separation, divorce and bereavement
- which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco, vapes and 'energy drinks') can damage their immediate and future health and safety
- that some are restricted and some are illegal to own, use and give to others
- about taking care of their body, understanding that they have the right to protect their body from inappropriate and unwanted contact

- uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request
- how information and data is shared and used online.
- how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so or where to get advice
- how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if needed and the concepts of basic first aid.

- online and through social media)
- that forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is available to protect and prevent people from being forced into marriage and to know how to get support for them self or others
- that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves
- that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors, including family, cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversity, age, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability (see 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act 2010)
- to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber bullying, use of prejudicebased language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help)

- to recognise and challenge stereotypes
- ✓ the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
- that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
- have an awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
- the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to- face relationships, we should show respect for others online including when we are anonymous

- the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child
- to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities
- to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk
- that they have different kinds of responsibilities rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment

- to critically examine what is presented to them in social media and why it is important to do so
- understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead
- the importance of being careful what they forward to others

Drug and Alcohol lesson: To learn about the reasons why people use drugs; managing situations and peer influence.

Drug and Alcohol lesson: To learn mixed messages about drug use in the media exist and these can influence opinions and decisions.

First Aid

By the end of Primary all children will know:

- ➤ How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services
- ➤ Concepts of basic first-aid, which will include: calling for help, basic life support, asthma, bleeding, allergies, head injuries, choking, bees & stings, burns & scalds